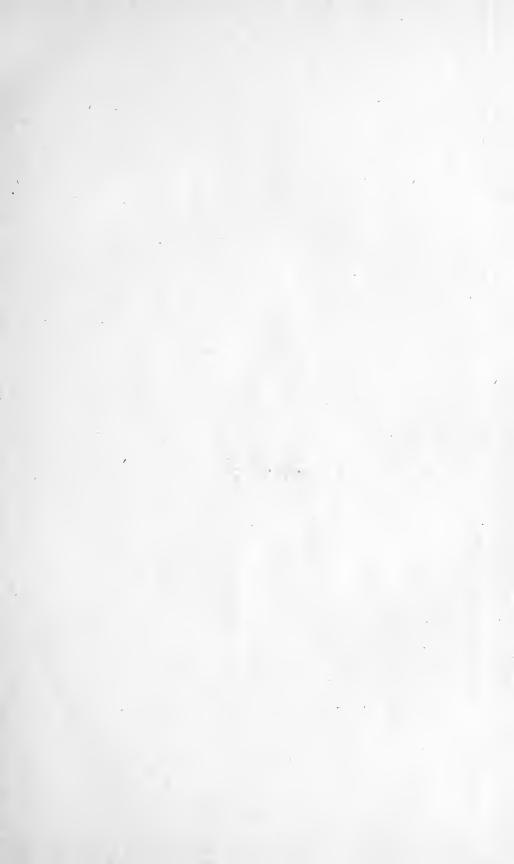




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Quaint Old Germantown in Pennsylvania

411

A PAPER READ BEFORE
THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY
AT THE ANNUAL MEETING
RIEGELSVILLE, BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
OCTOBER 4TH, 1912

BY

JULIUS FRIEDRICH SACHSE

ILLUSTRATED WITH SIXTY COPIES OF THE ORIGINAL SKETCHES

Richard Fire



LANCASTER, PA.
1915

F159 :G3752

publication Committee

JULIUS F. SACHSE, LITT.D.

DANIEL W. NEAD, M.D.

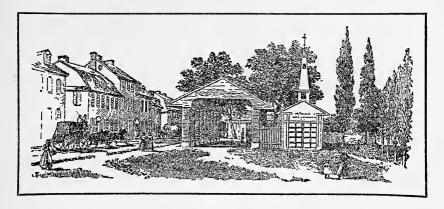
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THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY

PRESS OF THE NEW ERA PRINTING COMPANY LANCASTER, PA.



QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN.

By Julius F. Sachse.



HE following paper was read before the Pennsylvania-German Society at the Twenty-second Annual Meeting, held at Riegelsville, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, Friday, October 4, 1912, and was illustrated by sixty lantern slides of the old landmarks, as sketched by John Richard. These views are here reproduced

upon a somewhat smaller scale than the original drawings.

Quaint, historic, old Germantown, was the earliest organized German community in Pennsylvania, if not in the western world. The settlement was made under a grant to William Penn, founded more than two and a quarter centuries ago, and renowned for almost all these years for

its quaint buildings scattered along its single main street, its curious characters, singular customs of its early inhabitants, superstitions and folk-lore. Many of these traditions and habits are still kept alive in some of the old families of the original German stock, who are now in the seventh and eighth generations from the early immigrants.

This quaint townstead, when laid out by Pastorius for the Frankfort Company, was far away from Penn's projected sylvan city on the Delaware, and for many years was a community in itself. But now, after the lapse of two centuries, it is one of the most fashionable sections of the great consolidated city of Philadelphia, and is officially known as the Twenty-second Ward.

The peculiar straggling homes of the early settlers on the single street have given place to modern stores and houses, a network of streets has been opened through adjoining gardens and fields, and the whole plot of the old German township is now covered by an almost solidly built-up city—of homes, business houses and industrial establishments.

Many of the humble, unpretentious structures, portrayed in this work, have given place to the pretentious mansions and palatial residences of some of Philadelphia's wealthy citizens.

From the very beginning of the Germantown settlement, there have been curious characters who flourished within the townstead, or in the immediate vicinity. As early as 1694 we have the arrival of the mystical community of German Pietists, under the leadership of the gentle Magister Johannes Kelpius and his follower Johannes Seelig, and later Dr. Christopher Witt and his Famulus, Daniel Geissler, both buried upon "Spook hill." Now, after two centuries, their graves are enclosed within the

chancel of St. Michael's P. E. Church on High Street, which is built on the old Warner graveyard. A proper memorial tablet has within late years been placed upon the walls of the sacred edifice. The incentive for this act was the published history of these "German Pietists" by the present writer.

Then there was Conrad Matthäi, mystic and recluse, the last of these "Hermits on the Wissahickon," who died at the end of August, 1748. He was said to have been of

noble birth, but his identity has never been solved.

Later in the century we have Christian Lehman, a scholar of Dr. Witt, who cast nativities and horoscopes.

Mention must also be made of the founders of the Dunker Church in America—Alexander Mack and his followers—who founded the First-Day (Sunday) Brethren, and Conrad Beissel and his converts, who started the Seventh-Day congregation of the Brethren.

The names of the Eckerlin brothers, the Gorgas family and others of the Ephrata Community, are also identified more or less with Germantown: the former especially so by their close connection with Christopher Sauer the elder, the erratic printer of Germantown.

Count Zinzendorf, Bechtel and the early Moravians who, during the middle of the eighteenth century, were active factors in the German Township, must not be

forgotten.

Benjamin Lay, the Pythagorean hermit, whose cave was on the York Road, was also in close communion with the Quakers of Germantown. During the Revolutionary period, the name of Christopher Ludwick, as Bakergeneral of the Continental Army, stands out in bold relief.

Coming down to our own day, there came to Germantown, about sixty years ago, a young Swede, John Rich-

ards, as he was known, who worked as a gardener and day laborer. At the outbreak of the Civil War. John Richards enlisted, May, 1861, in Company K, 59th Regiment, New York Volunteers. Private Richards was wounded, August, 1862, at the battle of Bull Run, also at Antietam, September, 1862. He died August 26, 1889. It was while Private Richards was convalescent at the Chestnut Hill Hospital that he began sketching some of the old landmarks and buildings of Germantown. crude sketches he later made drawings on zinc plates. from which an impression could be taken by the lithographic process. Richards's drawings were often somewhat out of perspective, more or less harsh and lacking in detail, especially where he attempted to introduce figures or animals. At the same time, considering the fact that he never had any instruction in art, these sketches have a merit and individuality of their own. Their chief value, however, consists in the fact that they have preserved to us and generations to come the views and landmarks of historic and quaint Germantown of days gone by.

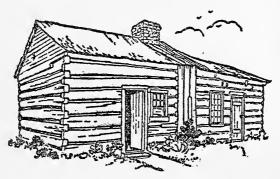
John Richards, after his discharge from the army, remained in Germantown, and was given the position of sexton of Calvary P. E. Church on Manheim Street; and during his spare time made many of the sketches aforesaid. Some of these views were printed many years ago by a local lithographer, and sold to residents and visitors. No attempt, however, was made at uniformity, or a proper description and location of the subjects. Some fifteen years ago, a number of these original zinc plates, together with impressions of some views previously issued, came into the possession of the present writer who, realizing their great historic value, for the present as well as future generations, has issued this edition. Thirty-three of these

views are reductions from the identical zinc plates made by John Richards; eight are reproductions of original sketches now first published; while the remainder are from transfers made of prints from the original plates.

The various views have been arranged and grouped according to their location: each side of the Main street has been taken separately, with a short legend, giving the present system of street numeration, so that the sites of these historic landmarks may be easily identified. This important feature was made possible by the researches and aid given to the writer by Messrs. Edwin C. Jellett and Dr. Naaman H. Keyser of Germantown.

Julius Friedrich Sachse.

PHILADELPHIA, January, 1913.

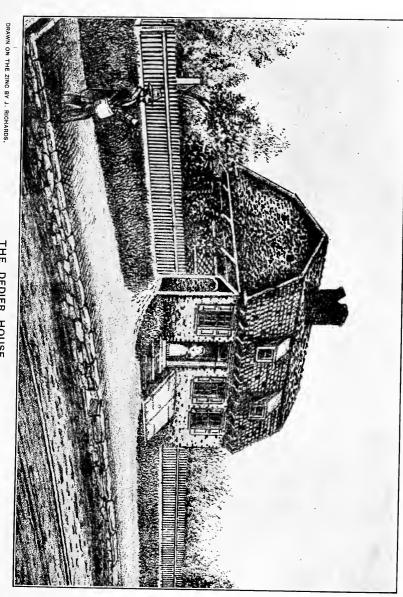


HOME OF AN EARLY SETTLER.



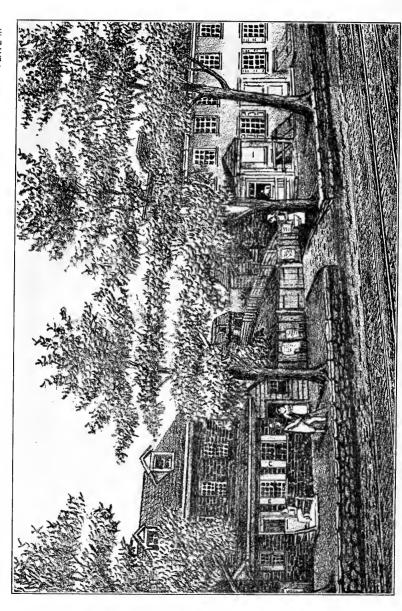
QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.

PLATE I.



THE DEDIER HOUSE.

FORMERLY AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND FISHER'S LANE. SITE OF No. 4839. BUILT 1733.

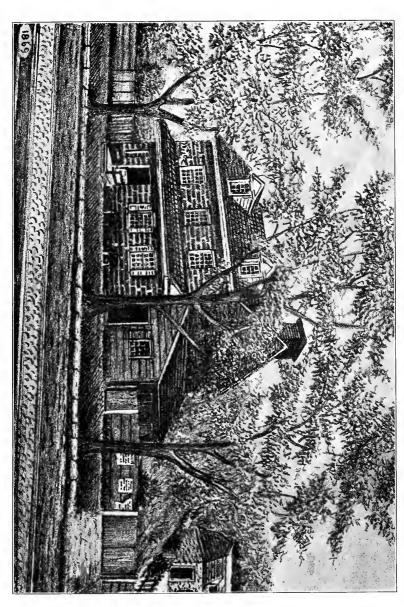


DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

GERMANTOWN AVENUE BELOW MECHLIN STREET.

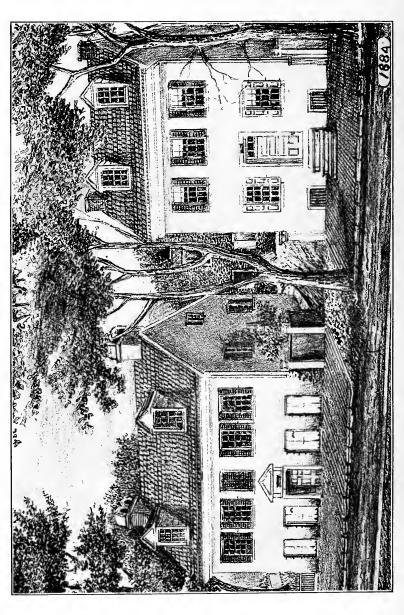
SHOWING THE MECHLIN-SORBER (ON SITE OF No. 4935), McGUIRE (No. 4931), DEDIER (Nos. 4923-29) AND SHERMAN HOUSE (No. 4921).

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.



THE OLD MECHLIN-SORBER HOUSE.

ON SITE OF No. 4935.

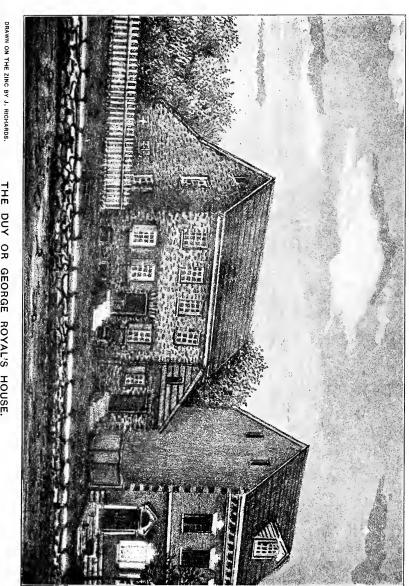


DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS. THE MULLE

THE MULLER AND DANNENHOWER HOUSES.

THE MÜLLER HOUSE, SITE OF No. 4939.

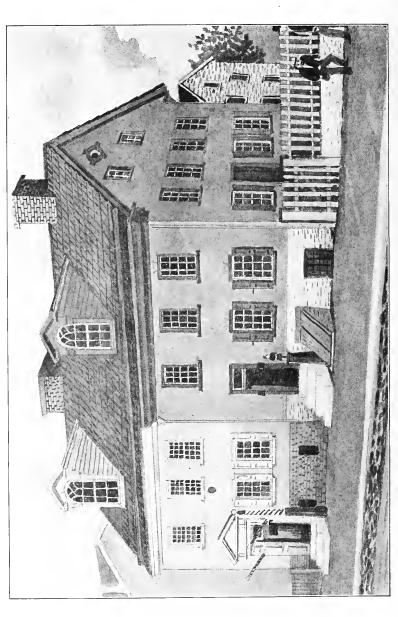
DANNENHOWER HOUSE. SITE OF No. 4937. BUILT A. D. 1745.



THE DUY OR GEORGE ROYAL'S HOUSE.

ON SITE OF No. 5015-19.

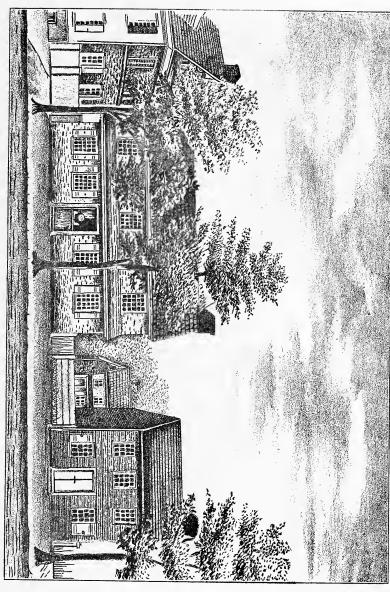
QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN—MAIN STREET—EAST SIDE.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS. SITE OF THON

SITE OF THONES KUNDER'S HOUSE.

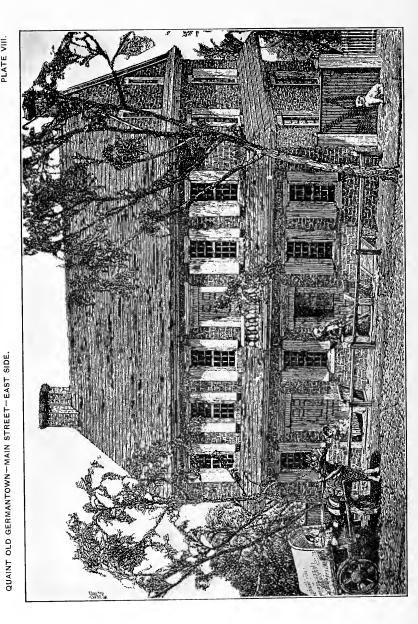
SHOP (No. 5109). ONLY A PART OF THE OLD WALL REMAINS. THE FIRST FRIEND'S MEETING IN GERMANTOWN WAS GERMANTOWN AVENUE OPPOSITE MANHEIM STREET. THONES KUNDER'S HOUSE OCCUPIED THE SITE OF THE BARBER HELD IN KUNDER'S HOUSE IN 1683.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS

CHRISTOPHER SAUER'S HOUSE.

GERMANTOWN AVENUE OPPOSITE QUEEN LANE, SHOWING THE HOME OF CHRISTOPHER SAUER (1st), CHRISTOPHER SAUER (2ND). SITE OF No. 5253-55. ALSO CABINET AND CLOCK SHOP AND PRINTING OFFICE.



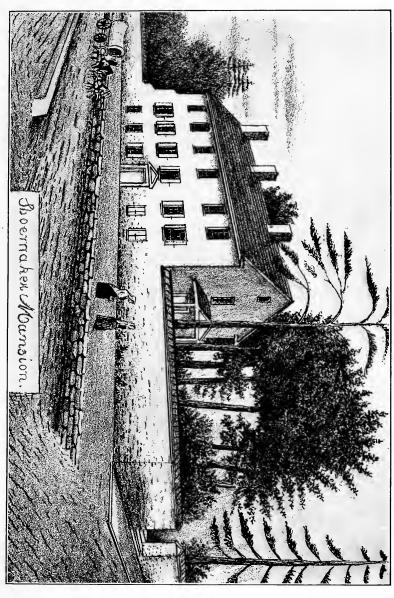
THE WISTER HOMESTEAD (GRUMBLETHORPE). DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

OPPOSITE QUEEN LANE, BUILT BY JOHANNES WÜSTER IN 1744. No. 5261. STILL STANDING.

THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.

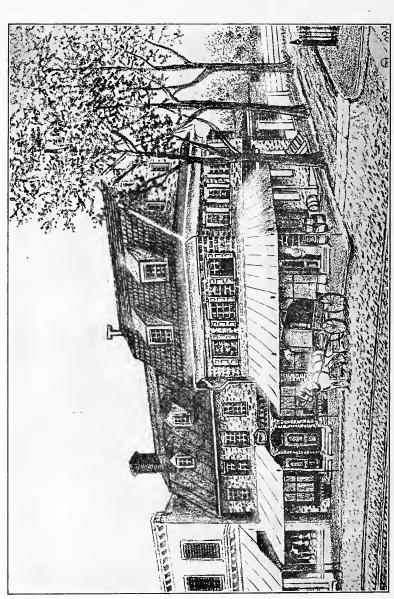
PLATE IX.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE SHOEMAKER HOUSE.

ON GERMANTOWN AVENUE CORNER OF SHOEMAKER'S LANE PENN STREET), BUILT EARLY IN THE XVIII CENTURY. DEMOLISHED 1838-1840. SITE OCCUPIED BY Nos. 5301-5313. "COTTAGE ROW."



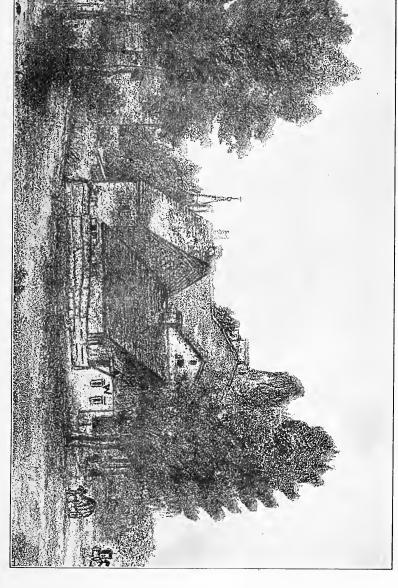
DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS.

THE DE LA PLAINE HOUSE.

AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND SCHOOL'LANE. BUILT EARLY IN THE XVIII CENTURY. DEMOLISHED 1885. SITE NOW OCCUPIED BY THE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF GERMANTOWN. GEORGE WHITEFIELD PREACHED FROM THE BALCONY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.

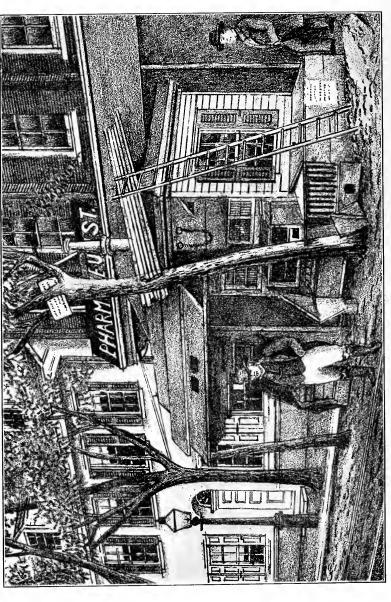
PLATE XI.



THE OLD LOG PRISON OF GERMANTOWN.

FROM SKETCH SAID TO HAVE BEEN MADE IN 1702. THIS ORIGINALLY STOOD IN MARKET SQUARE.

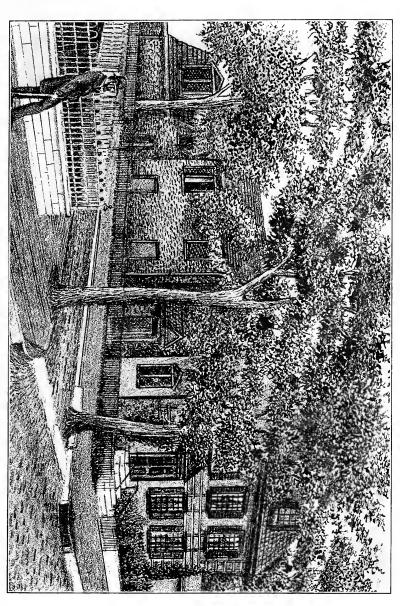
QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN—MAIN STREET—EAST SIDE.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

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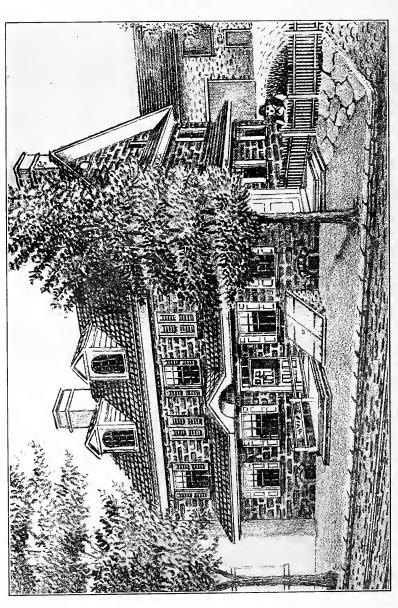
ON THE GERMANTOWN TURNPIKE, WHICH IN 1874 STOOD OPPOSITE RITTENHOUSE STREET-KNOWN AS "ENOS SPRINGER'S TOLL GATE. HE WAS THE LAST KEEPER, AND IS SHOWN IN CENTER OF PICTURE.



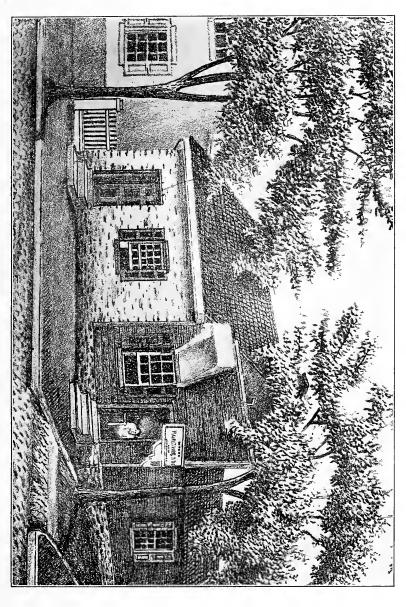
DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE MORRIS-LITTELL HOUSE.

AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND HIGH STREET. BUILT ON THE SIGHT OF THE HOME OF DR. CHRISTOPHER WITT AND DANIEL GEISSLER.



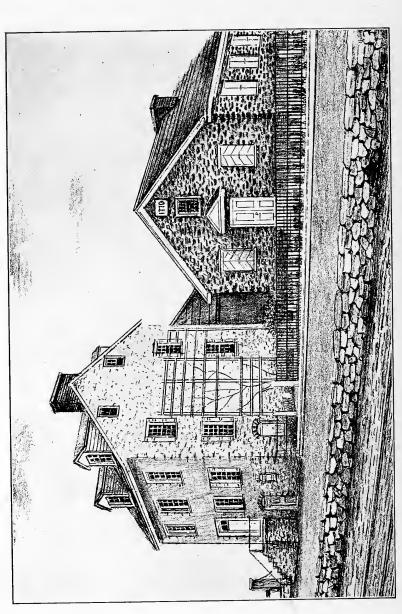
BUILT BY DANIEL PASTORIUS IN 1748. NOW No. 6019. FORMERLY USED AS A PUBLIC HOUSE AND KNOWN SUCCESSIVELY AS "THE SADLER'S ARMS," "THE GREEN TREE INN" AND "THE WIDOW MACKINET'S." THE PASTORIUS HOUSE. DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

DR. DEAVER'S HOUSE AND FIRST POST-OFFICE.

GERMANTOWN AVENUE BELOW WALNUT LANE. DR. DEAVER'S (No. 6033) HOUSE AND AN OLD BUILDING ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN USED BY DR. WITT AND THE FIRST GERMANTOWN POST-OFFICE (No. 6027).

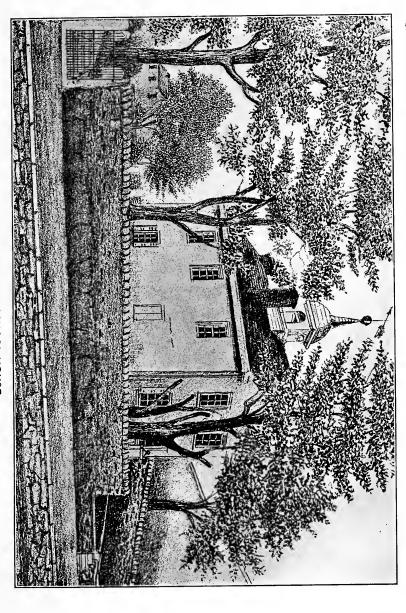


THE MENNONITE CHURCH AND SAMUEL KEYSER'S. DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

BUILT A. D. 1770 (No. 6121-31), AND THE SAMUEL KEYSER HOUSE WITH ITS OLD PUMP (SITE OF No. 6133-35.) DEMOLISHED ABOUT 1871.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.

PLATE XVII.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

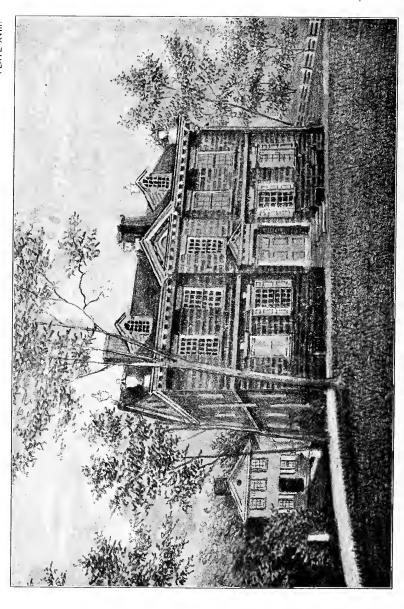
(No. 6309) BUILT A. D. 1775. THE GRAVEYARD ADJOINING IT IS KNOWN AS THE "UPPER OR AXE'S" BURYING GROUND. THE CONCORD SCHOOL-HOUSE.

THE BURIAL PLACE OF MANY OF THE OLDEST SETTLERS OF GERMANTOWN.

THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.

PLATE XVIII.



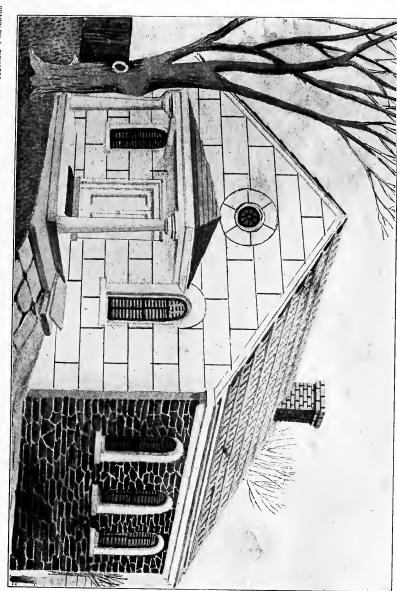
DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS. THE HIST

THE HISTORIC "CHEW" MANSION—"CLIVEDEN".

IT WAS AROUND THIS HOUSE THAT THE BATTLE OF GERMANTOWN SURGED OCTOBER 4, 1777.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.

PLATE XIX.



DRAWN BY J. RICHARDS.

THE DUNKER MEETING HOUSE.

GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND SHARPNACK STREET (No. 6617). BUILT A.D. 1770.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN—MAIN STREET—EAST SIDE.

PLATE XX.

DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

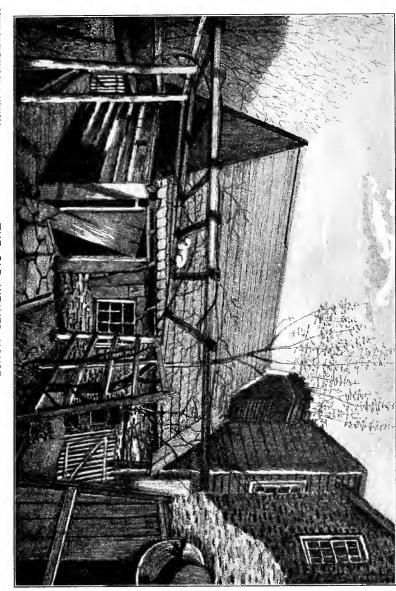
THE OLD DUNKER PARSONAGE.

GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND SHARPNACK STREET, ADJOINING THE CHURCH. SITE OF No. 6613. IT WAS BUILT OVER TWO HUNDRED YEARS AGO, DEMOLISHED IN 1907.

THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-EAST SIDE.

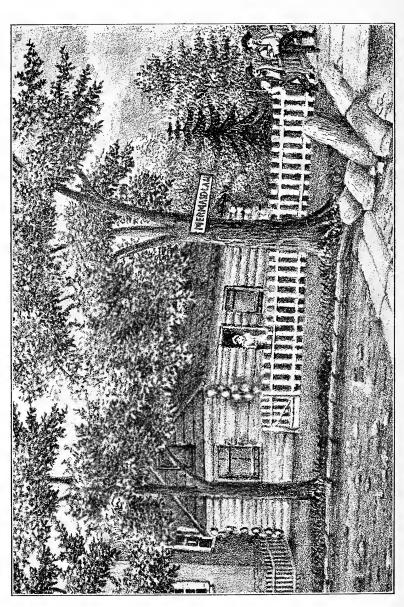
PLATE XXI.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE OLD WEAVER HOUSE.

SITE OF No. 6611. BUILT ABOUT 1731 FOR THE USE OF ALEXANDER MACK, THE FOUNDER OF THE GERMAN STOCKING WEAVER-HENCE THE NAME. BRETHREN OR DUNKERS. AFTER HIS DEATH IT CAME INTO POSSESSION OF HIS SON, JOHANNES MACK, A



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS

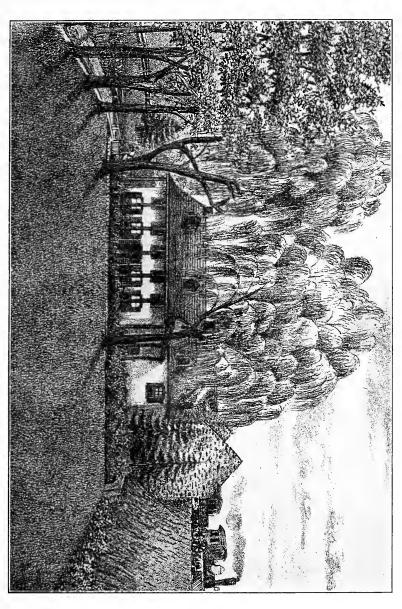
NORTHEAST CORNER OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND MERMAID LANE. BUILT IN 1743 BY CHRISTOPHER YEAKLE, THE YEAKLE LOG CABIN.

A SCHWENKFELDER IMMIGRANT. DEMOLISHED MARCH 29, 1906.

THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-WEST SIDE.

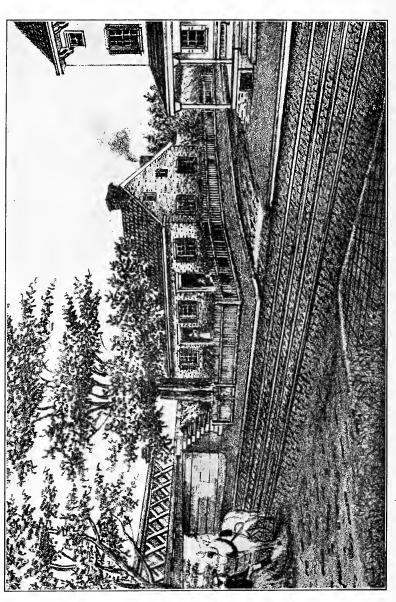
PLATE XXIII.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE ROBERTS MANSION "WILLOW GLEN".

FORMERLY ON THE WEST SIDE OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE SOUTH OF THE RAILROAD STATION AT WAYNE JUNCTION. NOT KNOWN WHEN BUILT. DEMOLISHED 1902. REAR OF No. 4450.

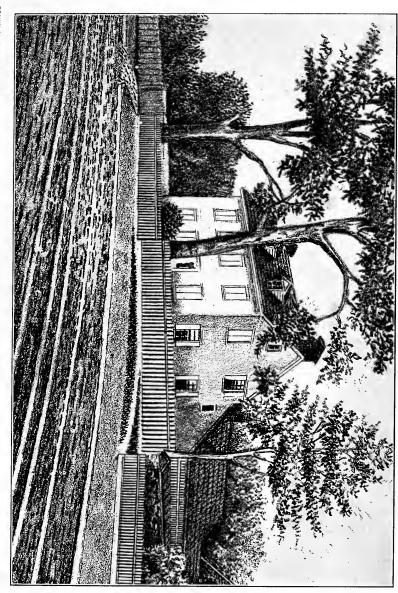


DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS.

THE OLD NAGLEE HOUSE.

WEST SIDE OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE (Nos. 4518-4520). ONE OF THE OLDEST BUILDINGS IN GERMANTOWN. BUILT LATE IN THE XVII OR EARLY IN THE XVIII CENTURY.

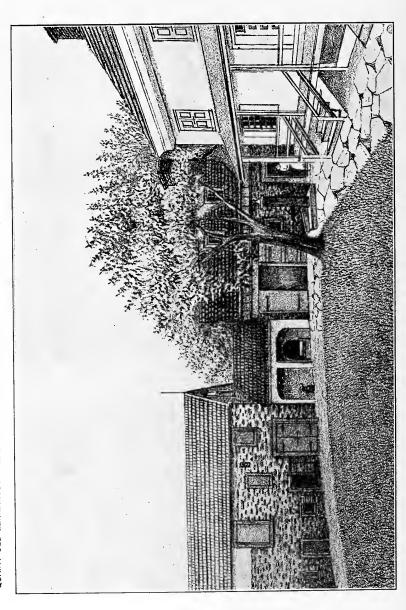
PLATE XXV.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE MECHLIN-WAGNER HOUSE.

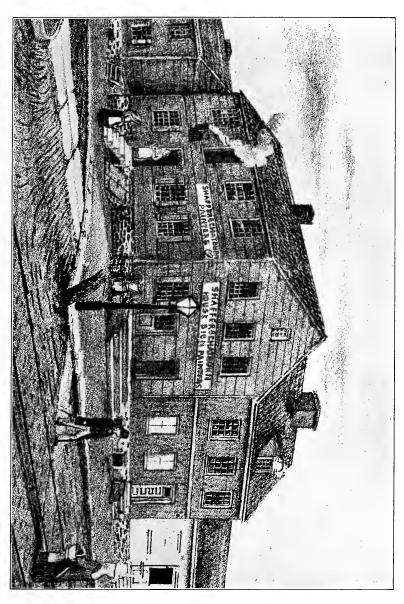
(No. 4840), BUILT A.D. 1747. USED AS A HOSPITAL BY THE BRITISH AFTER THE BATTLE, OCTOBER 4, 1777.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

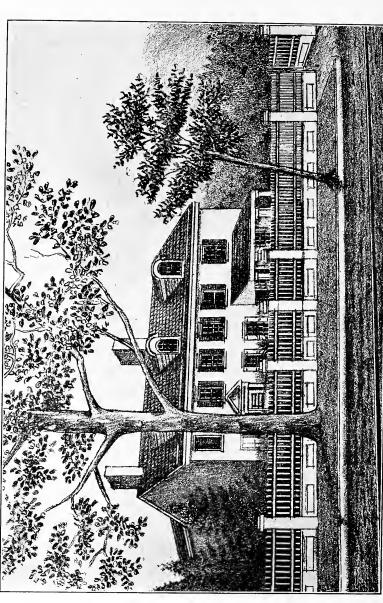
REAR OF THE MECHLIN-WAGNER PROPERTY.

SHOWING THE BARN DOORS USED BY THE BRITISH FOR OPERATING TABLES AFTER THE BATTLE OF GERMANTOWN.



DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS. OLD HOUSES CORNER OF MANHEIM STREET IN 1866.

SITE OF No. 5100.

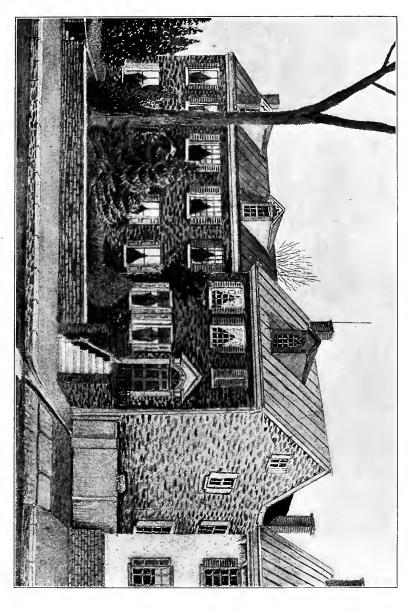


DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

HISTORIC ROEBUCK INN.

(No. 5122), BUILT BY JOSEPH SHIPPEN ABOUT 1716. FIRST KNOWN AS THE SHIPPEN HOUSE, LATER AS THE ROEBUCK," AND BECAME A NOTED COLONIAL INN. IN LATER YEARS IT CAME INTO POSSESSION OF THE HEFT FAMILY, WHO FOR YEARS KEPT IT AS THE "BUTTONWOOD" TAVERN. LOCALLY IT WAS KNOWN AS "HEFT'S".

PLATE XXIX.



DRAWN BY J. RICHARDS.

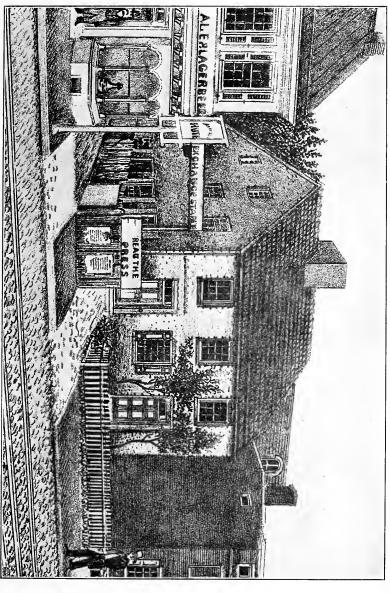
MAIN STREET OPPOSITE BRINGHURST.

SHOWING THE D. H. CONYNGHAM HOUSE (No. 5214) BUILT ABOUT 1780. LATER OCCUPIED FOR MANY YEARS BY ISAIAH HACKER, ALSO THE HOWELL HOUSE (No. 5218).



DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS. THE OLD (VA)

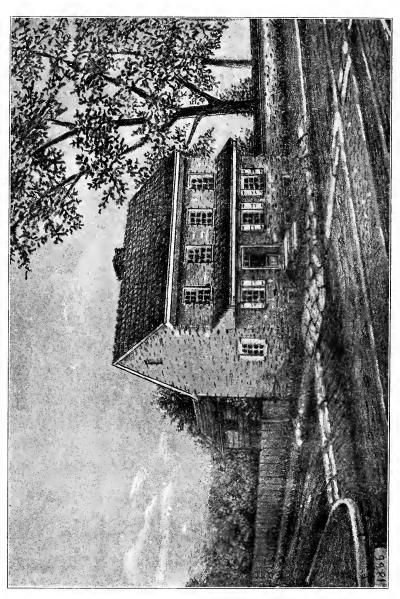
*** THE OLD (VAN LAUCHET) WEYGANDT HOUSE. (SITE OF Nos. 5230-5232) AND "KALCKGLASER HOUSE" (SITE OF Nos. 5234-5236).



DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS.

PLATE XXXI.

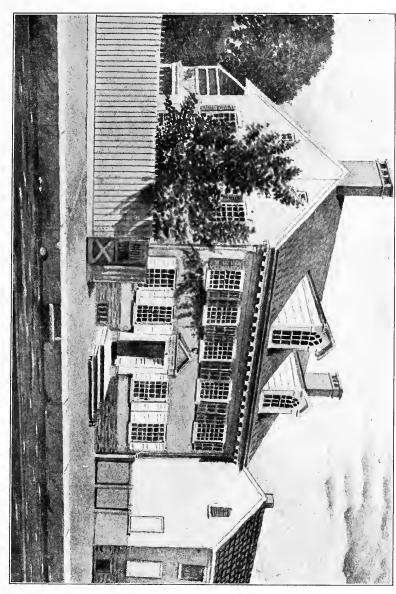
GERMANTOWN AVENUE ABOVE PENN STREET. SHOWING JOHN MUSHLER'S BAKERY (No. 5838).



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J, RICHARDS.

CHRISTOPHER BOCKIUS' HOUSE.
CORNER OF MAIN AND COULTER STREETS (No. 5400).

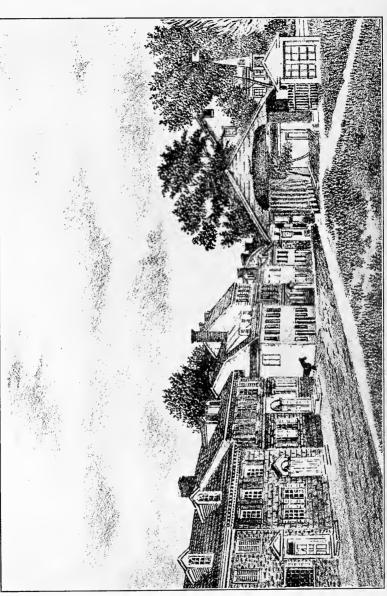
PLATE XXXIII.



DRAWN BY J. RICHARDS.

THE MORRIS-DESHLER HOUSE.

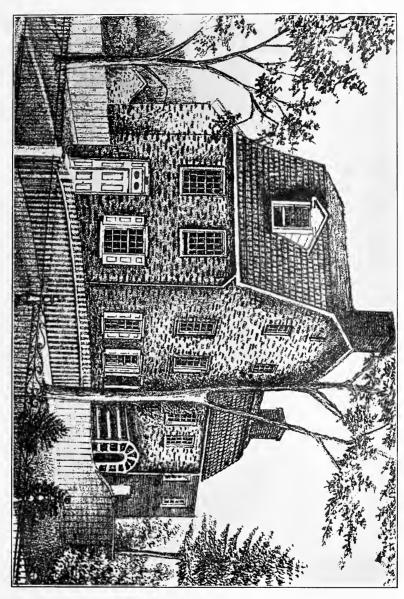
BUILT A.D. 1772. OCCUPIED UPON TWO OCCASIONS BY GENERAL WASHINGTON WHILE PRESIDENT. GERMANTOWN AVENUE OPPOSITE CHURCH LANE (No. 5442).



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS. .

MARKET SQUARE OR "THE GREEN".

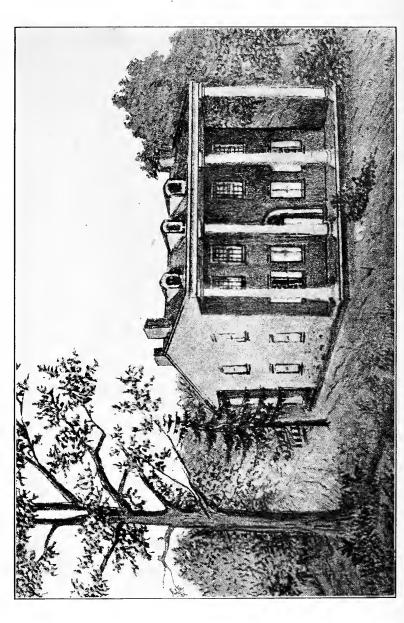
ON THE EAST SIDE SHOWING THE WEST SIDE OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE, WITH THE HOUSES OF THE ASHMEADS AND BENZELLS. GOVERNOR MIFFLIN LIVED IN THE THREE STORY HOUSE. THE HIP ROOF HOUSE IS THE $^{\omega}$ KING OF PRUSSIA" INN WHERE JEFFERSON AND MADISON LODGED. THE MARKET HOUSE WAS BUILT 1741. THE FIRE ENGINE SHELTER IN 1819.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS

THE HOME OF CHRISTIAN LEHMAN.

(No. 5524) THE STUDENT OF DR. CHRISTOPHER WITT.



DRAWN BY J. RICHARDS.

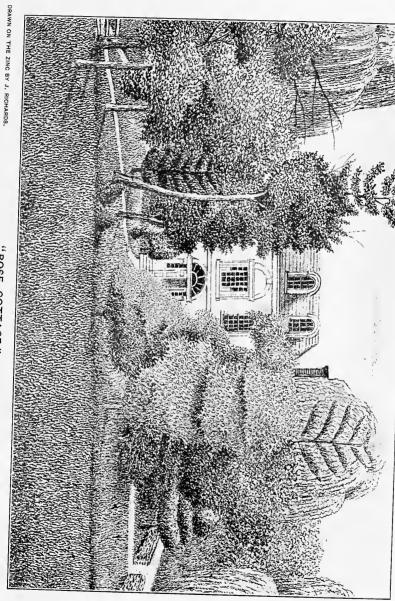
THE HOME OF WYNDHAM H. STOKES.

FORMERLY ON GERMANTOWN AVENUE ABOVE MAPLEWOOD. (ON SITE OF Nos. 5600-12.)

THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-MAIN STREET-WEST SIDE.

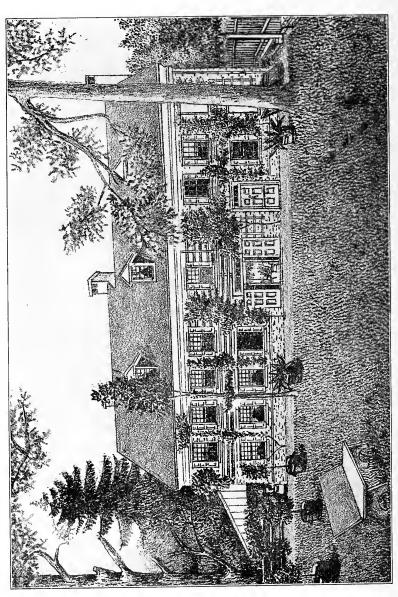
PLATE XXXVII.



"ROSE COTTAGE."

HOME OF SAMUEL HARVEY (No. 5930), REPLACED BY THE TOWN HALL.

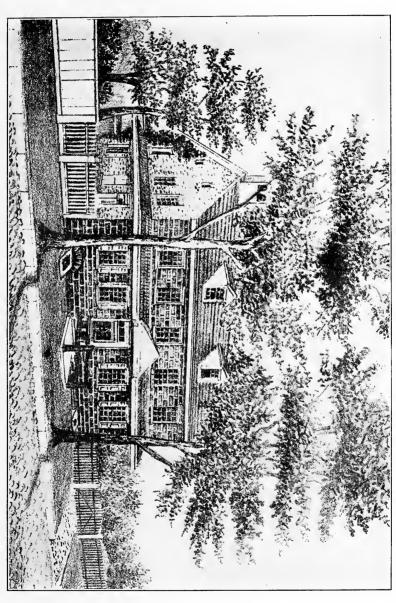
PLATE XXXVIII.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

"WYCK," OR THE HAINES HOUSE.

(No. 6026) AT THE CORNER OF WALNUT LANE. THE WEST END, THE OLDEST HOUSE IN GERMANTOWN, WAS BUILT BY HANS MILAN ABOUT 1690. IT WAS USED AS A HOSPITAL IN 1777. THIS PROPERTY HAS NEVER BEEN OUT OF THE FAMILY.

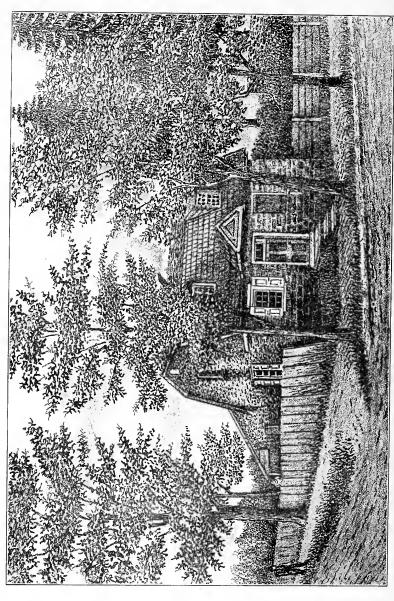


DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE JOHNSON HOMESTEAD.

GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND WASHINGTON LANE. BUILT A.D. 1760.

PLATE XL.



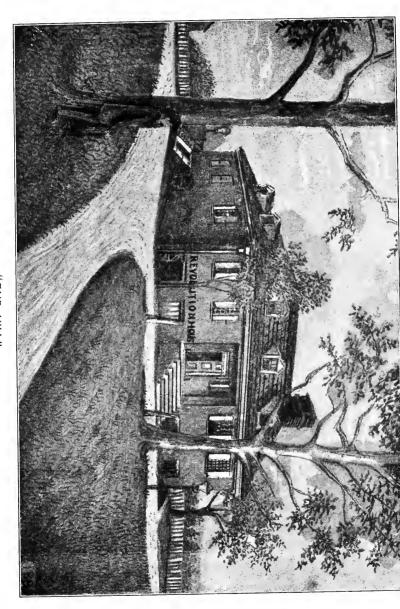
DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE OLD JOHNSON HOUSE.

FORMERLY AT NORTHWEST CORNER OF GERMANTOWN AVENUE AND JOHNSON STREET. BUILT BY HEIVERT PAPEN IN 1698. DEMOLISHED IN 1883.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN-FAIRHILL.

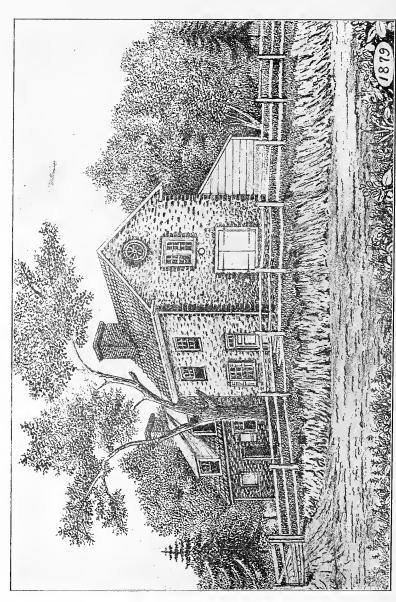
PLATE XLI.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

"FAIR HILL"

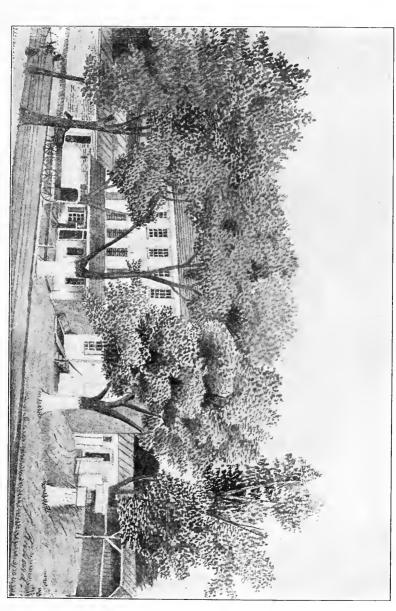
THE HOME OF THE NORRIS FAMILY. BUILT BY ISAAC NORRIS (380) ABOUT 1800, REPLACING THE ORIGINAL HOUSE BUILT HIS GELEBRATED "FARMER'S LETTERS". 1717, AND BURNED BY THE BRITISH AFTER THE BATTLE OF GERMANTOWN IN 1777. WHEREIN JOHN DICKINSON WROTE



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS "FAIR HILL," F

"FAIR HILL," FRIENDS' MEETING,

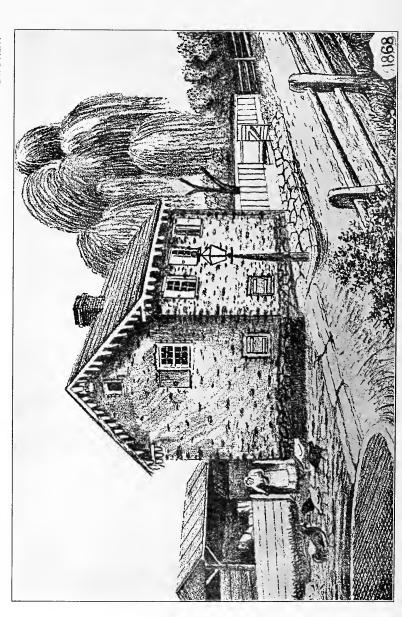
BUILT A. D. 1706-07. REMOVED ABOUT THE YEAR 1883. LUCRETIA MOTT IS BURIED IN THE ADJOINING GROUND.



DRAWN BY J. RICHARDS.

THE FOXCHASE TAVERN

NEAR FAIR HILL, AT THREE MILE RUN. SITE OF SOUTHEAST CORNER OF GERMANTOWN ROAD AND GLENWOOD AVENUE. REMOVED ABOUT 1868.



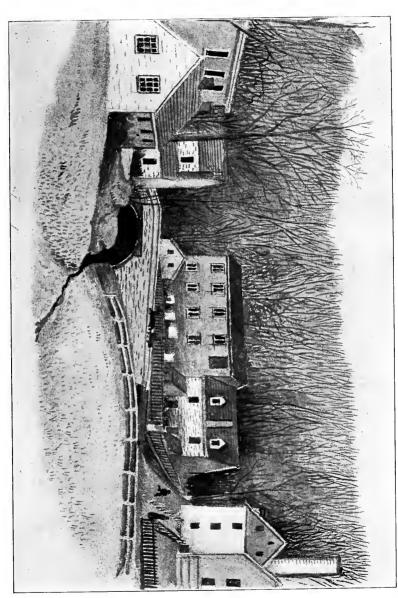
DRAWN ON THE ZING BY J. RICHARDS

"CASTLE OF ROSENHEIM"

FORMERLY AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF WAKEFIELD STREET AND FISHER'S LANE. BUILT BY JOHANNES WUSTER A. D. 1748.

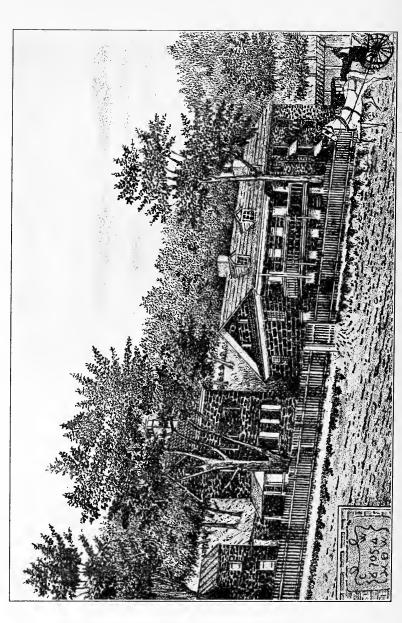
QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN AND VICINITY.

PLATE XLV.



DRAWN BY J. RICHARDS.

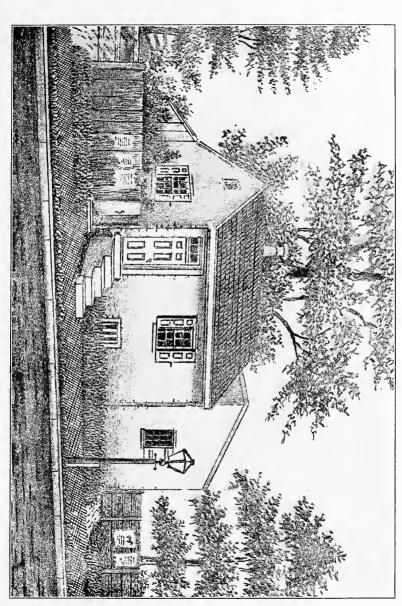
BUILT ABOUT 1755 BY WILLIAM LOGAN FISHER. THE OLD REVOLUTIONARY POWDER MILL IS ALSO SHOWN. WAKEFIELD OR FISHER'S MILLS



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS,

HARPER'S HOLLOW,

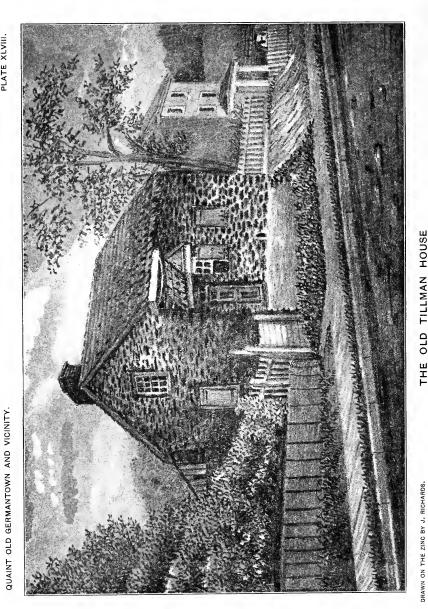
SITE OF THE WEBER AND THORP MILLS ON THORP'S LANE, NEAR OLD YORK ROAD.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

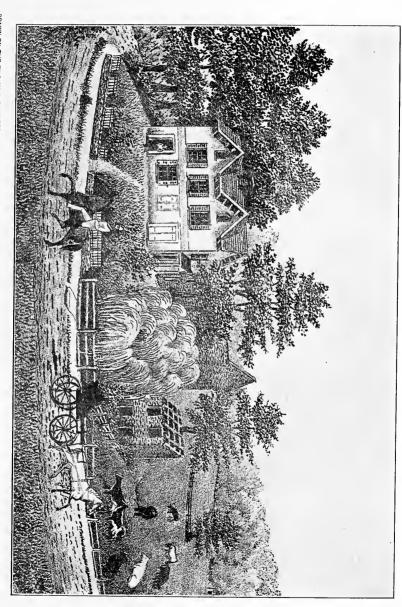
JOHN BRIGG'S HOUSE,

SOUTH SIDE OF QUEEN LANE, IMMEDIATELY WEST OF WAYNE AVENUE.



THE OLD TILLMAN HOUSE

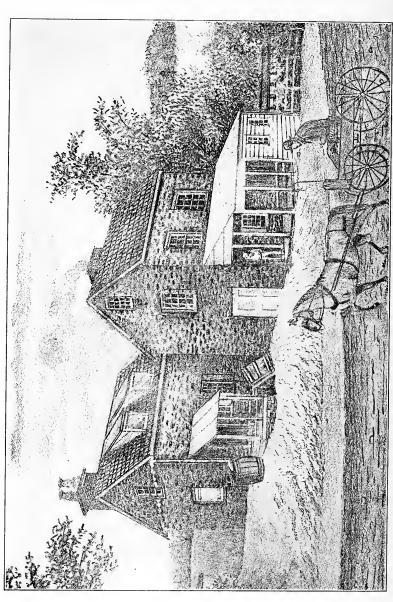
ON QUEEN LANE JUST WEST OF THE BRIGG'S HOUSE.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE COULTER FARM HOUSE.

AT NORTHEAST CORNER OF WISSAHICKON AVENUE AND INDIAN QUEEN LANE. QUEEN LANE STATION OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD IS NOW ON THE GROUNDS.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

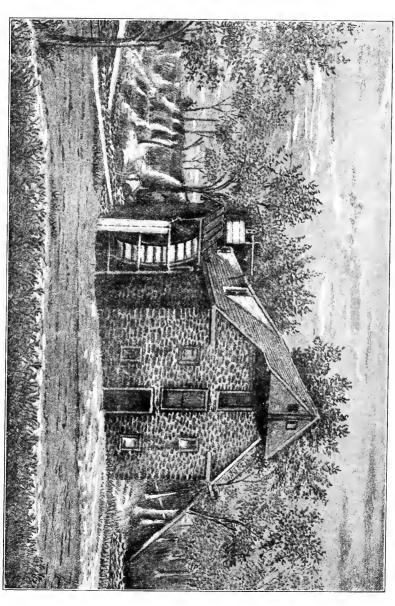
THE ROCK HOUSE.

ON THE NORTH SIDE OF EAST PENN STREET, JUST EAST OF THE READING R. R. BRIDGE. BUILT ABOUT 1690. THE HOUSE IN WHICH IT IS SAID THAT WILLIAM PENN PREACHED.

THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN AND VICINITY.

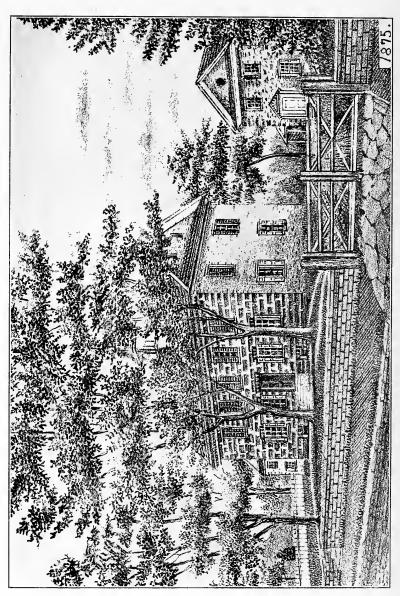
PLATE LI.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS,

ROBERTS MILL

ON THE NORTH SIDE OF CHURCH LANE, EAST OF STENTON AVENUE. BUILT 1683. REMOVED ABOUT 1873. THE SECOND MILL IN PHILADELPHIA COUNTY BUILT (THE YEAR WHEN GERMANTOWN WAS LAID OUT) BY RICHARD TOWNSEND.



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS,

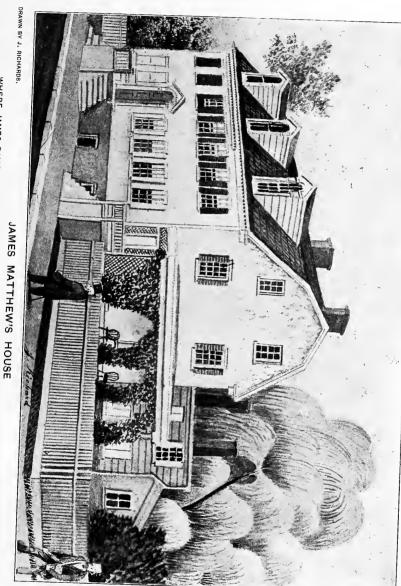
THE GERMANTOWN ACADEMY.

BUILT A. D. 1760-61. FAR FAMED ON THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF GREENE STREET AND SCHOOL HOUSE LANE. FOR MANY OF ITS TEACHERS AND PUPILS.

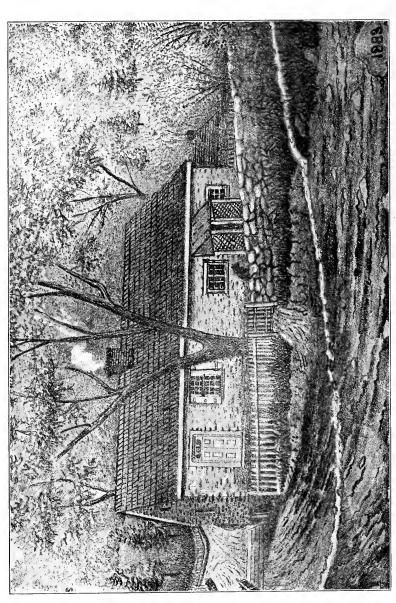
THE PENNSYLVANIA-GERMAN SOCIETY.

QUAINT OLD GERMANTOWN AND VICINITY.

PLATE LIII.



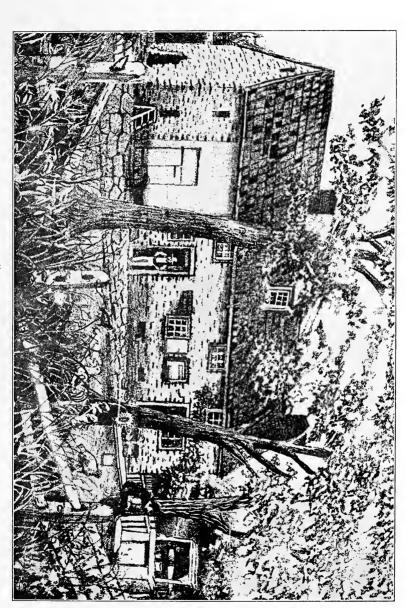
WHERE JAMES DAVID DOVE KEPT SCHOOL. PURCHASED BY THE GERMANTOWN ACADEMY IN 1810 FOR THE USE OF THE HEAD-MASTER.



BIRTHPLACE OF DAVID RITTENHOUSE.

SHOWING THE SITE OF THE RITTENHOUSE PAPER MILL (BUILT 1708) ON LINCOLN DRIVE, WEST OF WISSAHICKON AVENUE, DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

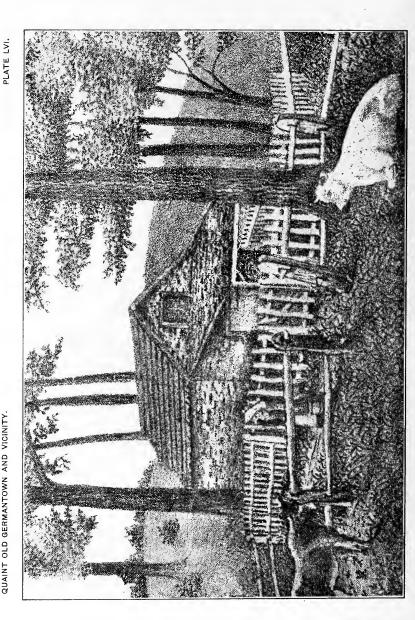
FAIRMOUNT PARK.

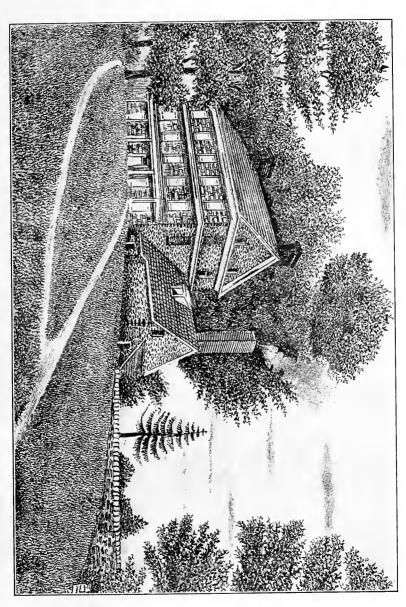


DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE "UNRUH" HOMESTEAD.

SOUTH OF GORGAS LANE, WEST OF READING RAILROAD. BUILT A. D. 1701.

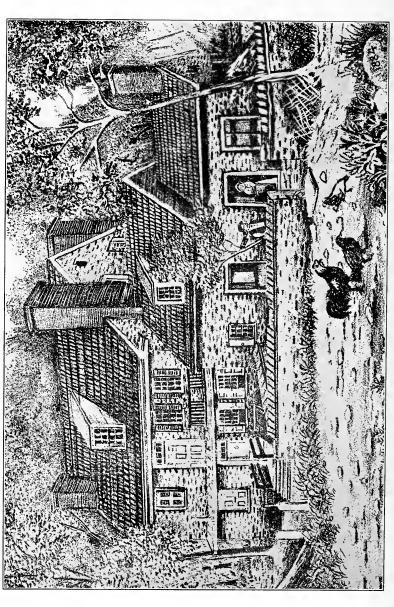




DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE "MONASTERY" ON THE WISSAHICKON

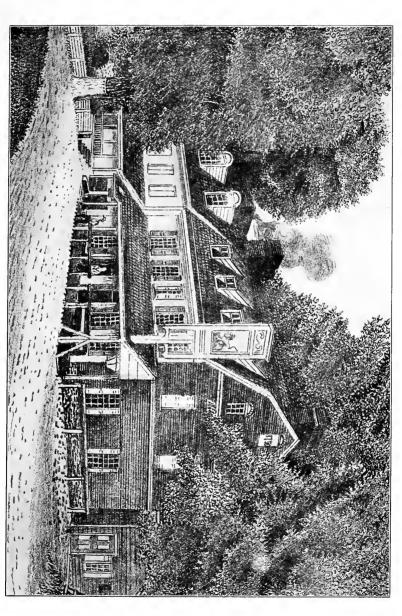
BUILT 1746-47 BY JOSEPH GORGAS. (VIDE SACHSE'S GERMAN SECTARIANS, VOL I, P. 274, ET SEQ.).



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

GLEN FERN, OR LIVEZEY MANSION,

ON THE WISSAHICKON CREEK AT THE FOOT OF LIVEZEY'S LANE. BUILT ABOUT 1745. THE SCENE OF STIRRING EVENTS IN PETERSON'S "PEMBERTON,"



DRAWN ON THE ZINC BY J. RICHARDS.

THE RED LION TAVERN

ON THE BRISTOL TURNPIKE, ABOVE HOLMESBURG. BUILT A. D. 1750.

